IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend claims as follows.

- 1. (currently amended) A high-strength, high-permeability steel sheet for picture tube band having a chemical composition consisting of, in mass percent, $C:[[0.003]] \ \underline{0.005} = 0.010\%$, Si:0.5=1.0%, Mn:1.0=2.0%, P:0.04=0.15%, S: not more than 0.02%, Al: not more than 0.011 = 0.030%, N: not more than 0.004% and the balance of Fe and unavoidable impurities, and having a ferrite crystal grain diameter of $10=100~\mu m$ and a yield stress of $300~N/mm^2$ or higher.
- 2. (currently amended) A high-strength, high-permeability steel sheet for picture tube band consisting of, in mass percent, C : [[0.003]] 0.005 0.010%, Si : 0.5 1.0%, Mn : 1.0 2.0%, P : 0.04 0.15%, S: not more than 0.02%, Al: not more than 0.011 0.030%, N: not more than 0.004% and the balance of Fe and unavoidable impurities, having a chemical composition satisfying the following Equation 1, and having a ferrite crystal grain diameter of $10 100 \, \mu m$ and a yield stress of $300 \, \text{N/mm}^2$ or higher:

$$C \times Mn \times P > 2.5 \times 10^4 \dots (1)$$

- 3. canceled
- 4. (previously presented) A steel sheet according to claim 1, whose specific permeability $\mu 0.35$ in a DC magnetic field of 0.35 Oe is 400 or higher.
- 5. (previously presented) A steel sheet according to claim 1, further comprising a Zn-system or Al-system plating layer on the surface thereof.

NOV-10-2008 14:07 CLARK & BRODY

Application No.: 10/552,350

6. (previously presented) A method of producing a steel sheet set out in claim 1 characterized in that when production is carried out by, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs,

2028351755

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- (1) a coiling temperature after hot rolling is made 600 700 °C, and
- (2) a final cold rolling reduction ratio and a final annealing temperature in a range of 750 − 900 °C are combined in accordance with a recrystallization property of the steel so that the ferrite crystal grain diameter after final annealing becomes 10 − 100 μm.
- 7. (previously presented) A method of producing a steel sheet set out in claim 1, further comprising:

a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs and conducting Zn -system or Al-system hot-dip plating inline in the cooling step of the final annealing run, or

a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs, conducting Zn -system or Al-system hot-dip plating inline in the cooling step of the final annealing run, and thereafter conducting temper rolling of not greater than 1.5%,

in which method,

- (1) a coiling temperature after hot rolling is made 600 700 °C, and
- (2) a final cold rolling reduction ratio and a final annealing temperature in a range of 750 900 °C are combined in accordance with a recrystallization property of the steel so that the ferrite crystal grain diameter after plating becomes 10 100 μm.
- 8. (previously presented) A method of producing a steel sheet set out in claim 1, further comprising one production process among:

a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs and then conducting temper rolling at not greater than 1.5%,

2028351755

a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold

rolling and annealing runs and thereafter conducting Zn-system electroplating,

a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs, then conducting temper rolling at not greater than 1.5% and thereafter conducting Zn-system electroplating, and

a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs, thereafter conducting Zn-system electroplating, and further conducting temper rolling at not greater than 1.5%,

in which method,

- (1) a coiling temperature after hot rolling is made 600 700 °C, and
- (2) a final cold rolling reduction ratio and a final annealing temperature in a range of 750 900 °C are combined in accordance with a recrystallization property of the steel so that the ferrite crystal grain diameter after plating becomes $10 100 \,\mu\text{m}$.
- 9. (previously presented) A method of producing a steel sheet set out in claim 2 characterized in that when production is carried out by, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs,
- (1) a coiling temperature after hot rolling is made 600 700 °C, and
- (2) a final cold rolling reduction ratio and a final annealing temperature in a range of 750 900 °C are combined in accordance with a recrystallization property of the steel so that the ferrite crystal grain diameter after final annealing becomes $10 100 \,\mu\text{m}$.
- 10. (previously presented) A method of producing a steel sheet set out in claim 2, further comprising:

a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs and conducting Zn -system or Al-system hot-dip plating inline in the cooling step of the final annealing run, or

Application No.: 10/552,350

a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs, conducting Zn-system or Al-system hot-dip plating inline in the cooling step of the final annealing run, and thereafter conducting temper rolling of not greater than 1.5%, in which method.

- (1) a coiling temperature after hot rolling is made 600 700 °C, and
- (2) a final cold rolling reduction ratio and a final annealing temperature in a range of 750 900 °C are combined in accordance with a recrystallization property of the steel so that the ferrite crystal grain diameter after plating becomes $10 100 \,\mu\text{m}$.
- 11. (previously presented) A method of producing a steel sheet set out in claim 2, further comprising one production process among:
- a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs and then conducting temper rolling at not greater than 1.5%,
- a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs and thereafter conducting Zn-system electroplating,
- a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs, then conducting temper rolling at not greater than 1.5% and thereafter conducting Zn-system electroplating, and
- a production process of, after hot rolling, conducting one or a plurality of cold rolling and annealing runs, thereafter conducting Zn-system electroplating, and further conducting temper rolling at not greater than 1.5%,

in which method.

- (1) a coiling temperature after hot rolling is made 600 700 °C, and
- (2) a final cold rolling reduction ratio and a final annealing temperature in a range of 750 900 °C are combined in accordance with a recrystallization property of the steel so that the ferrite crystal grain diameter after plating becomes $10 100 \mu m$.